



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

THE RIGHTS AND REMEDIES OF CREDITORS RESPECTING THEIR DEBTOR'S PROPERTY. By Gerrard Glenn. Little, Brown & Co., 34 Beacon St., Boston. 1915. pp. xlv, 461. \$3.00 net.

As its title indicates, this work presents a general discussion of the principles of law pertaining to the rights which creditors have in the property of their debtors, and the remedies by which these rights are conserved and enforced. No attempt is made to consider in minute detail any particular phase of the subject, the primary object of the treatise being, in the author's own words, to harmonize, as far as possible, the various statutes and doctrines which are scattered through the body of our law so as to demonstrate the system afforded by our jurisprudence for the realization of debts out of the debtor's property. In the fulfillment of this object Mr. Glenn has given us a book which occupies a position quite unique in the field of law with which it deals. Works upon the law of insolvency and bankruptcy and related subjects we have, of course, in considerable number, but in none of those known to the writer of these lines is to be found an adequate treatment of the subject here discussed. It has remained for Mr. Glenn to fill the hitherto existing need, and in the performance of his task he has achieved a success not usually gained by the pioneer.

As a basis of preliminary study for those who propose to thoroughly equip themselves for practical work in the field of business or commercial law, or in the administration of our laws of insolvency or bankruptcy, as well as for those who pursue the subject for purely academic purposes, the work will be found of great value. The subject matter is presented in a clear and logical manner, with proper attention to the historical development, and an avoidance of a fault frequently to be observed in modern textbooks, namely, the tendency to state concrete rules of law without due regard for the underlying theories upon which they are erected. No exhaustive review of judicial decisions has been made, but a large number of carefully selected cases are cited, with such quotations as are best adapted to the author's plan of exposition.

It is not to be assumed, from what has been said, that Mr. Glenn's book is free from errors and defects, either in form, or in substance. In both respects, and particularly in the latter, in the matter of statements unduly inclusive, and in a very few cases, of inaccurate statements apparently made through inadvertence, some criticism may be fairly advanced. These faults are, however, of infrequent occurrence, and in marking them due allowance should be made for the fact that there was no earlier work covering his chosen field to which the author might look for suggestions, and for the further fact that the sacrifice of strict accuracy is the price which must almost invariably be paid for brevity and compactness of treatment.

J. U. C., Jr.